Antibiogram AHI and TDMH Hospitals

A Guide to Interpreting the Antibiogram

- The antibiogram is an annual cumulative report of the antimicrobial susceptibility rates of common pathogens recovered from patients receiving care at the Alexandra Hospital, Ingersoll, and Tillsonburg District Memorial Hospital and is to be used as a resource to inform empirical antimicrobial therapy.
- Susceptibility rates are calculated from the compilation of susceptibility results from all 'first' clinical isolates of a specific pathogen recovered from an individual patient per 30-day period. The rationale for this referral period is based on the need to represent 'wild-type' susceptibility profiles and avoid over-representing antimicrobial resistance that may develop de novo during a patient's prolonged hospital stay.
- Susceptibility rates for pathogens or clinical scenarios represented by less than 30 isolates are not calculated due to their limited statistical significance and interpretive value.
- The appropriateness of empiric therapy is highlighted using a colour range that corresponds to susceptibility rates. Green, 80-100%; Yellow, 70-79%; Red, <70%.

2021 Antibiogram AHI and TDMH Hospitals

Organism	Number of Isolates	Ampicillin	Amoxacillin-Clavulanate	Piperacillin-Tazobactam	Cloxacillin	Cephalexin (urinary tract)	Cefazolin	Ceftriaxone	Ceftazidime	Imipenem	Meropenem	Ciprofloxacin	Clindamycin	Doxycycline	Gentamicin	Tobramycin	TMP-SMX	Vancomycin
Escherichia coli	471	61	87			91	74	91		99		79			92	92	80	
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i> complex	69		94			94	91	94		100		91			99	97	96	
Proteus mirabilis	41	90	100					95			100	85			100	100	90	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	31			97					90	77	100	87			94	100		
Staphylococcus aureus (incl. MRSA)	79				80								83	100			100	100